

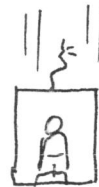
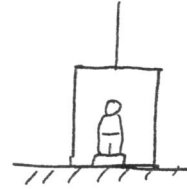
## $F = ma$ Worksheet II

### (Review)

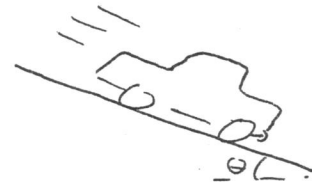
Do all work in your journal. Be sure to list givens and unknowns, draw an FBD, write an equation for net force, and solve in the appropriate format.

1. Oddly enough, a person with a mass of 60 kg is standing on a bathroom scale in an elevator. The scale reads the normal force acting on the person. What does it read when

- a) He is standing still on the first floor?
- b) The elevator is accelerating upward at  $1.5 \text{ m/s}^2$ .
- c) He is traveling at a constant speed of  $4 \text{ m/s}$  upwards?
- d) He is decending with an acceleration of  $2.0 \text{ m/s}^2$ ?
- e) He is in free fall after the elevator cable breaks?



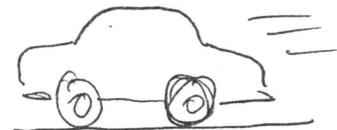
2. A car that has a mass of 750 kg is rolling down a hill with an incline of 9 degrees. It slams on the brakes decelerating at a rate of  $3.5 \text{ m/s}^2$ . What is the force of friction the brakes are exerting on the car?



3. A skier slides down a hill at an angle of 38 degrees. If he has a mass of 83 kg and the coefficient of friction is 0.17, what will his acceleration be?

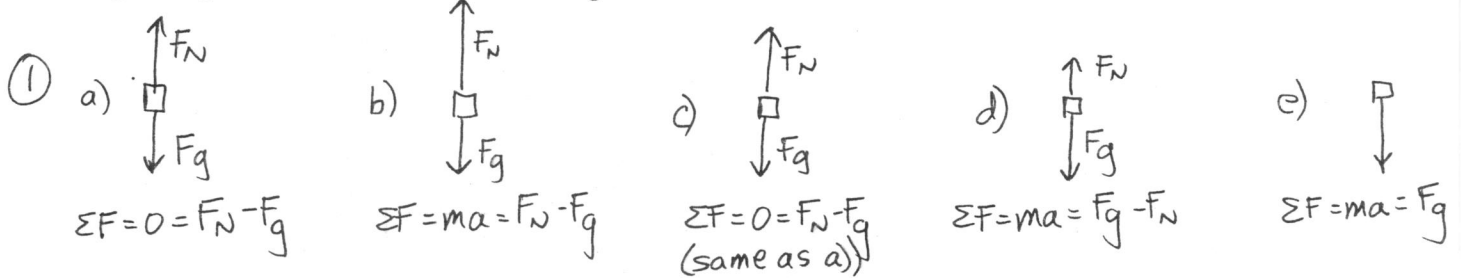


4. A car that weighs 8000N is passing another car with an acceleration of  $1.9 \text{ m/s}^2$ . If friction provides a drag of 350 N, how much applied force must the engine be providing?



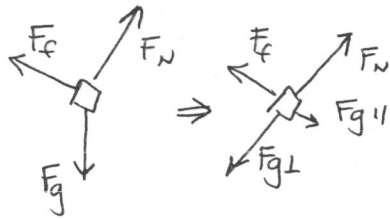
## Helpful Hints

Use *only* when you are stumped. Pay attention to when you need help so you can ask good questions in class when we go over this.



②

$m = 750 \text{ kg}$   
 $\theta = 9^\circ$   
 $a = 3.5 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}^2}$   
 $F_f = ?$

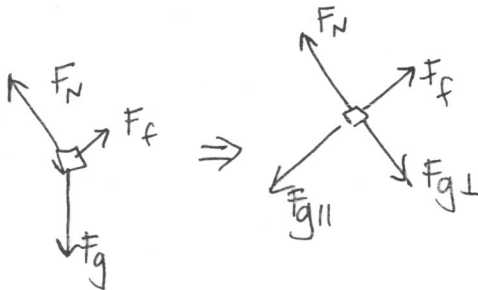


$$\Sigma F_{\perp} = 0 = F_N - F_{g\perp}$$

$$\Sigma F_{\parallel} = ma = F_f - F_{g\parallel}$$

③

$\theta = 38^\circ$   
 $m = 83 \text{ kg}$   
 $\mu = 0.17$   
 $a = ?$

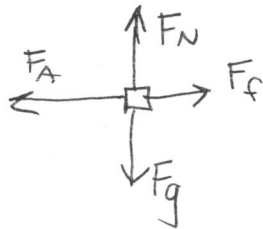


$$\Sigma F_{\perp} = 0 = F_N - F_{g\perp}$$

$$\Sigma F_{\parallel} = ma = F_{g\parallel} - F_f$$

④

$F_g = 80000 \text{ N}$   
 $a = 1.9 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}^2}$   
 $F_f = 350 \text{ N}$   
 $F_A = ?$



$$\Sigma F_x = ma = F_A - F_f$$